

MATH 554- 703 I - ANALYSIS I  
HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT # 9  
DUE TUESDAY - NOV. 20, 2001

1. A set  $\tilde{C}$  is called *relatively closed with respect to*  $A$  if its complement with respect to  $A$  is relatively open with respect to  $A$ .
  - (a) Prove that a subset  $\tilde{C}$  of a set  $A$  of real numbers is relatively closed with respect to  $A$  if and only if there exists a closed set  $C$  of real numbers such that  $\tilde{C} = C \cap A$ .  
[Hint: Recall from lecture that a subset  $\tilde{O}$  of a space  $A$  is relatively open with respect to  $A$  if and only if there exists an open subset  $O$  of  $R$  so that  $\tilde{O} = O \cap A$ .]
  - (b) Prove that a function  $f : A \rightarrow B$  is continuous if and only if for each relatively closed set  $C$  in  $B$ , the set  $f^{-1}(C)$  is relatively closed in  $A$ .
2. Determine all compact connected subsets of real numbers. Justify your answer.
3. Suppose that  $f$  and  $g$  are continuous real-valued functions on the interval  $[a, b]$  which satisfy  $g(a) \leq f(a)$  and  $f(b) \leq g(b)$ , then prove that there exists a number  $c \in [a, b]$  such that  $f(c) = g(c)$ .
4. **Extra Credit.** Suppose that  $f$  is a continuous function that maps the interval  $[a, b]$  into itself, then prove that  $f$  has a fixed point: i.e. that there exists a number  $c$  in the interval so that  $f(c) = c$ .