

Extra problems Homework 7.

- (1) Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. Prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n f(k/n) = \int_0^1 f(x) dx.$$

(Hint: Use uniform continuity to show that for  $\epsilon > 0$  there exists a  $\delta > 0$  such that  $S(\sigma) - s(\sigma) < \delta$  for all subdivisions  $\sigma$  with norm  $N(\sigma) < \delta$ .)

- (2) Use the previous problem (by picking the right function  $f$ ) to evaluate the following sums, where you can use calculus to evaluate the integral on the right.

(a)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \sum_{k=1}^n k^2$$

(b)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{n}{n^2 + k^2}.$$