

Chapter 8

Sections 8.1 & 8.2

Warm-up Problem A. Determine if the ordered pair $(p, q) = \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$ is a solution of each system.

(i) $\begin{cases} 8p + 4q = -1 \\ -\frac{1}{2}p + q = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$

$-4 + 3 = -1 \checkmark$
 $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = 1 \times$

(ii) $\begin{cases} -8p + 12q = 13 \\ 4p + 2q = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$

$4 + 9 = 13 \checkmark$
 $-2 + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{-4+3}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \checkmark$

Warm-up Problem B. Find two numbers whose sum is -2 and whose difference is 35 .

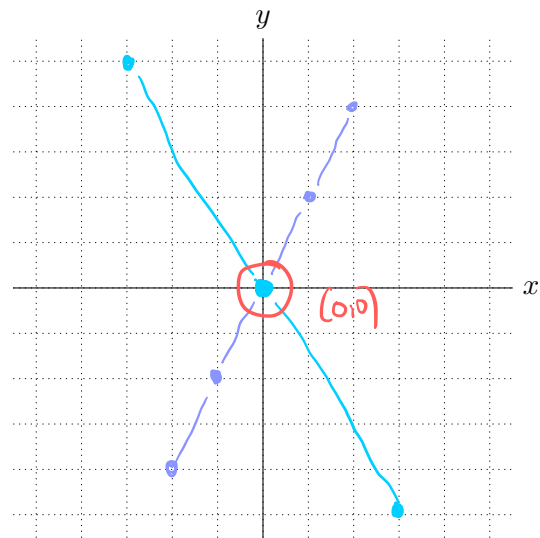
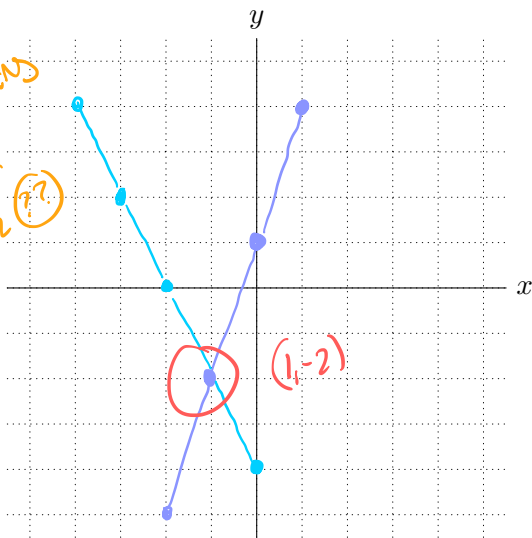
$x + y = -2 \Rightarrow y = -2 - x$
 $x - y = 35 \Rightarrow x + 2 + x = 35 \Rightarrow 2x = 33 \Rightarrow x = \frac{33}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow y = -\frac{35}{2}$

Problem 1. Solve each system by graphing. Check that your solution satisfies both equations.

1. $\begin{cases} -3x + y = 1 \\ 2x + y = -4 \end{cases}$

2. $\begin{cases} 2x - y = 0 \\ 5x + 3y = 0 \end{cases}$

I feel like graphing is better suited for section 7.2 (?)



Problem 2. Use the method of substitution to solve the following systems.

(a) $\begin{cases} 3x + 7y = 16 \\ y = 2x - 5 \end{cases}$

(b) $\begin{cases} 2x - 5y = 11 \\ 3x = 2y \end{cases}$

$3x + 14x - 35 = 16$
 $17x = 51$
 $x = \frac{51}{17}, y = \frac{102}{17} - 5 = 1$
 $= 3 \quad (3, 1)$

$2x - \frac{15}{2}x = 1$
 $-\frac{11}{2}x = 1$
 $x = -\frac{2}{11}, y = \frac{-3}{11}$
 $\left(-\frac{2}{11}, -\frac{3}{11}\right)$

Problem 3. Use the method of elimination to solve the following systems.

$$(a) \begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 3 \\ 9x - 8y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 15x &= 10 \\ x &= \frac{2}{3} \quad \left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{4}\right) \\ y &= \frac{3-2}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \begin{cases} 4x - 5y = -14 \\ 2x + 3y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -11y &= -18 \\ y &= \frac{18}{11} \quad \left(\frac{14}{11}, \frac{5}{11}\right) \\ x &= \frac{-18\left(\frac{3}{11}\right) + 4}{2} = \frac{-\frac{54}{11} + 4}{2} = \frac{-\frac{5}{11}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 4. Solve the systems of linear equations.

- Identify which method you use to solve each system (elimination or substitution). Can you explain why you choose that method?
- If the system has one solution, write the solution as an ordered pair (x, y) .

$$(a) \begin{cases} x + 2y = 5 \\ 2x - y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2x - 4 \\ x + 4x - 8 &= 5 \quad \left(\frac{13}{5}, \frac{14}{5}\right) \\ 5x &= 13 \\ x &= \frac{13}{5}, y = \frac{26}{5} - 8 = \frac{14}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$(c) \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}y = 12 \\ \frac{1}{6}x + \frac{1}{3}y = 8 \end{cases}$$

infinite soln

$$(b) \begin{cases} x - 2y = 10 \\ -\frac{1}{2}x + y = -5 \end{cases}$$

infinite soln

$$(d) \begin{cases} 0.2x + 0.5y = 6 \\ 0.4x + y = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 9 - 0.4x \quad (15, 5) \\ -0.2x + 9 &= 6 \\ x &= \frac{30}{2} = 15, y = 9 - 0.4(15) = \frac{11}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 5. Brent has \$32.00 in nickels and quarters. He has 44 more quarters than nickels. Determine how many coins of each type Brent has.

$$5n + 25q = 3200$$

$$n + 44 = q$$

$$5n + 25(n + 44) = 3200$$

$$30n + (25 \cdot 44) = 3200$$

$$n = \frac{3200 - (25 \cdot 44)}{30} = 70$$

$$q = 114$$

Problem 6. The Garden Center ordered 6 ounces of marigold seed and 8 ounces of carnation seed paying \$214.54. They later ordered another 12 ounces of marigold seed and 18 ounces of carnation seed, paying \$464.28. Find the price per ounce for each type of seed.

$$\begin{aligned}
 c &= 29.89 \\
 m &= -4.10 \\
 6m + 8c &= 214.54 \\
 12m + 18c &= 464.28 \\
 \hline
 [18 - 2(8)]c &= 464.28 - 3(214.54) \Rightarrow \Rightarrow c = 29.89 \\
 -6c &= -179.34
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 7. A taxi charges a flat rate plus a certain charge per mile. A trip of 4 miles costs \$2.05, while a trip of 8 miles costs \$2.85. Find the flat rate and the charge per mile.

$$\begin{aligned}
 4x + y &= 2.05 \\
 8x + y &= 2.85 \\
 \hline
 4x &= 2.85 - 2.05 \Rightarrow x = 0.2 \\
 x &= \text{charge per mile} \\
 y &= \text{flat rate} \\
 y &= 1.25
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 8. Solve the system by substitution. Because there are three unknowns to solve for, your solution will be an ordered triple (x, y, z) .

$$\begin{cases}
 2x + 3y + 4z = 3 \\
 8y - 2z = 26 \\
 3z = -3
 \end{cases} \quad (-1, 3, -1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8y - 2(-1) &= 26 \\
 8y + 2 &= 26 \\
 8y &= 24 \\
 y &= \frac{24}{8} = 3 \\
 2x + 9 - 4 &= 3 \\
 2x + 5 &= 3 \\
 2x &= -2 \quad x = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 9. Without solving the systems, determine the number of solutions each system has. Justify your answer.

$$(a) \begin{cases} x - 2y = 5 \\ 2x - 4y = 10 \end{cases}$$

$$(b) \begin{cases} 8x + 4y = 0 \\ 4x - 2y = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(c) \begin{cases} 2x - y = -1 \\ -2x + y = 7 \end{cases}$$

infinite
 scalar multiple
 same line

no sol'n
 parallel lines

no sol'n
 parallel lines

Problem 10. You take a test in which there are 200 points possible. The test consists of True/False questions worth 2 points each, multiple choice questions worth 5 points each, and essay questions worth 10 points each. There are 14 more multiple choice questions than True/False questions. There are 4 times as many multiple choice questions on the exam as there are essay questions. How many questions of each type are on the exam?

$$\begin{aligned} 2T + 5M + 10E &= 200 && \rightarrow 2T + 5(4+T) + 10(3.5 + .25T) = 200 \\ -T + M &= 14 && \rightarrow M = 14 + T \Rightarrow M = 24 \\ M - 4E &= 0 && \rightarrow E = \frac{1}{4}M = 3.5 + \frac{1}{4}T \end{aligned}$$

$9.5T = 95 \Rightarrow T = 10$
 $E = 6$

Problem 11. A radiator holds 10 liters. Suppose you have a bottle of pure antifreeze and a bottle 10% antifreeze mixture. How much of each must do you need to make enough of a 20% mixture to fill the radiator?

$$\begin{aligned} x + y \cdot (.1) &= .2 \Rightarrow x + (0.1)(10-x) = 0.2 \\ x + y &= 10 \\ y &= 10 - x \end{aligned}$$

$$(1 - 0.1)x = 0.2 - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{0.2 - 1}{1 - 0.1} = 0.88 \\ y &= 10 - 0.88 = 9.12 \end{aligned}$$

Additional Problems

EP 1. Solve the systems of linear equations below.

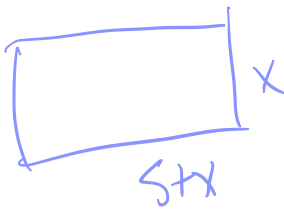
$$(a) \begin{cases} 4x - 6y = -19 \\ 3x - 4y = -14 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x &= -80 \\ x &= \frac{-80}{3} \\ y &= \frac{-40+14}{4} = \frac{-33}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \begin{cases} x - y = 3 \\ 2x + 2y = 22 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x-3 \\ 2x + 2(x-3) &= 22 \\ 4x - 6 &= 22 \\ x &= \frac{28}{4} = 7 \quad y = 7-3 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

EP 2. The length of a rectangular room is 5 feet more than the width. The perimeter of the room is 58 feet. Find the dimensions of the room.



$$\begin{aligned} 2(5+x) + 2x &= 58 \\ 10 + 4x &= 58 \\ \text{width} \rightarrow x &= 12 \\ \text{length} \rightarrow &17 \end{aligned}$$

EP 3. Hermione wants to purchase a mix of candy from the Honeydukes Express. After adjusting for exchange rates, she decides to make a mix of Bertie Bott's Every Flavour Beans worth \$12 per kg, and Chocolate frogs worth \$15 per kg to get 120 kg of a mixture worth \$13 per kg. How many kg of each should she buy?

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{12B + 15F}{120} &= 13 & \Rightarrow & 12B + 15(120-B) = 120 \cdot 13 \\ B + F &= 120 & & -3B + 1800 = 1560 \\ & & & -3B = -240 \\ & & & \boxed{B = 80 \quad F = 40} \end{aligned}$$

EP 4. Four friends, Elise, Tom, Garrett and Mary, decide to grab a bite to eat at Runza before class. They each eat the following:

Elise : 1 Original Runza, 1 Medium Fry, 1 Dr. Pepper for a total of 1090 calories

Tom : 1 Cheese Runza, 1 Medium Fry, 1 Dr. Pepper for a total of 1140 calories.

Garrett : 2 Original Runzas, 1 Dr. Pepper for a total of 1250 calories.

Mary : 1 Original Runza, 1 Dr. Pepper for a total of 720 calories.

Let R be the number of calories in one Original Runza, let C be the number of calories in one Cheese Runza, let F be the number of calories in one Medium Fry and let D be the number of calories in one Dr. Pepper.

(a) For each friend, write an equation that gives the number of calories consumed in terms of the variables R, C, F and D .

Elise: $0 + F + D = 1090$

Tom: $C + F + D = 1140$

Garrett: $2R + D = 1250$

Mary: $0 + D = 720$

- (b) Using the equations you wrote for Mary and Garrett, determine how many calories are in one Dr. Pepper, i.e. find the value of D .

$$O + F + D = 1090$$

$$C + F + D = 1140$$

$$2D + D = 1250$$

$$F + D = 720$$

$$O = 720 - D$$

$$2(720 - D) + D = 1250$$

$$1440 - 2D + D = 1250 \Rightarrow \boxed{D = 190}$$

- (c) Using the value you found above for D and an equation from part (a), find the number of calories in one Original Runza, i.e. find the value of R .

$$O = 720 - 190 = 530$$

- (d) Using the values you found above for D and R , and an equation from part (a), find the number of calories in one Medium Fry, i.e. find the value of F .

$$530 + F + 190 = 1090$$

$$F = 370$$

- (e) Using the values you found above for D , R and F , and an equation from part (a), find the number of calories in one Cheese Runza, i.e. find the value of C .

$$C + 370 + 190 = 1140, \quad C = 580$$

- (f) Fill in the following values:

An Original Runza contains 530 calories.

A Cheese Runza contains 580 calories.

A Medium Fry contains 370 calories.

A Dr. Pepper contains 190 calories.

EP 5. Adam and Natasha row their canoe 28 miles downstream in 2 hours. After a picnic, they row their canoe back upstream. After 3 hours of rowing upstream, they only travel 12 miles. Assuming that Adam and Natasha canoe at a constant rate, and that the river's current is constant, find the speed at which Adam and Natasha can row in still water.

$$2(r + s) = 28$$

$$3(r - s) = 12 \Rightarrow s = \frac{3r - 12}{3} = 3r - 4 = 3.5$$

$$2r + 6r - 8 = 28$$

$$8r = 20 \quad r = \frac{20}{8} = 2.5$$