

10. (5 points) Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the least squares solution for $Ax = b$. Be sure to check your answer, call it \hat{x} , by verifying that $b - A\hat{x}$ is orthogonal to the column space of A .

We solve $A^T A \hat{x} = A^T b$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \hat{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \hat{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{so } \hat{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}}$$

check

$$b - A\hat{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

I am \perp to the columns
of A !

11. (5 points) Is it possible that all solutions of a homogeneous system of ten linear equations in twelve variables are multiples of one fixed non-zero solution? Explain.

The question asks about $Ax=0$ where A is 10×12

Rank + nullity = the # of columns and rank ≤ 10

so $\dim \text{null space } A \geq 2$ so the answer is **NO!**

It is not possible for all solutions to $Ax=0$ to be multiples of one fixed solution.