

3. Define "null space".

The null space of the matrix  $A$  is the set of all column vectors  $x$  with  $Ax = 0_n$ .

4. Define "span". The vectors  $v_1, \dots, v_p$  in the vector space  $V$  span  $V$  if every vector in  $V$  can be written as a linear combination of  $v_1, \dots, v_p$ .

5. Let  $V$  be the vector space of polynomials  $f(x)$  of degree at most three with  $f(1) = 0$ . Record a basis for  $V$ . No justification is needed.

$$x-1, x^2-1, x^3-1$$