

5. True or False. If the statement is true, then PROVE the statement. If the statement is false, then give a COUNTEREXAMPLE. If A and B are 2×2 matrices, then

the null space of $A \cap$ the null space of $B \subseteq$ the null space of $A + B$.

True If x is a vector on the left side, then $Ax = 0$ and $Bx = 0$. It follows that $(A+B)x = Ax + Bx = 0 + 0 = 0$. So x is also on the right side.

6. True or False. If the statement is true, then PROVE the statement. If the statement is false, then give a COUNTEREXAMPLE. If A and B are 2×2 nonsingular matrices, then $A + B$ is a nonsingular matrix.

False Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, we see that A and B are nonsingular but $A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ which is singular.

7. True or False. If the statement is true, then PROVE the statement. If the statement is false, then give a COUNTEREXAMPLE. If A and B are 2×2 nonsingular matrices, then AB is a nonsingular matrix.

True If A and B are nonsingular then they each have inverses. It follows that AB also has an inverse, namely $B^{-1}A^{-1}$.