No calculators, cell phones, computers, notes, etc.

Circle your answer. Make your work correct, complete and coherent.

Please take a picture of your quiz (for your records) just before you turn the quiz in. I will e-mail your grade and my comments to you.

The quiz is worth 5 points. The solutions will be posted on my website later today.

Math 242, Quiz 4, February 3, 2025

Solve the Initial Value Problem

$$(\tan x)\frac{dy}{dx} = y$$
 and $y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\pi}{2}$.

Solution. Separate the variables:

$$(*) \quad \frac{dy}{y} = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \, dx.$$

Integrate both sides. On the right side, let $u = \sin x$. It follows that $du = \cos x dx$. So the right side becomes $\int \frac{du}{u} = \ln |u| + C$. At any rate when we integrate (*) we get

$$\ln|y| = \ln|\sin x| + C.$$

Exponentiate to obtain

$$|y| = e^{C} |\sin x|$$
$$y = \pm e^{C} \sin x.$$

Now we evaluate the constant $\pm e^C$ by using $y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\pi}{2}$:

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = (\pm e^C) \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = (\pm e^C).$$

So, the constant $(\pm e^{C})$ is equal to $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and the solution of the Initial Value Problem is

$$y = \frac{\pi}{2}\sin x.$$

Check. Plug

$$y = \frac{\pi}{2}\sin x$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\pi}{2}\cos x$$

into the left side of the Differential Equation and obtain

$$(\tan x)\frac{dy}{dx}$$
$$= (\tan x)\frac{\pi}{2}\cos x$$
$$= \frac{\pi}{2}\sin x = y\checkmark$$

and $y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\pi}{2}\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\pi}{2}$.