No calculators, cell phones, computers, notes, etc.

Circle your answer. Make your work correct, complete and coherent.

Please take a picture of your quiz (for your records) just before you turn the quiz in. I will e-mail your grade and my comments to you.

The quiz is worth 5 points. The solutions will be posted on my website later today.

Math 242, Quiz 2, January 27, 2025

Solve the Initial Value Problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x\sqrt{x^2+9}$$
 and $y(-4) = 0$.

Solution. Separate the variables and integrate:

$$\int 1\,dy = \int x\sqrt{x^2+9}\,dx.$$

Let $u = x^2 + 9$. Then du = 2x dx. We obtain

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \int u^{\frac{1}{2}} du = \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C = \frac{1}{3} (x^2 + 9)^{3/2} + C$$

We use the initial condition 0 = y(-4) to find *C*:

$$0 = y(-4) = \frac{1}{3}((-4)^2 + 9)^{3/2} + C = \frac{125}{3} + C$$

So, $C = -\frac{125}{3}$ and

$$y = \frac{1}{3}(x^2 + 9)^{3/2} - \frac{125}{3}.$$

Check. We compute

$$y = \frac{1}{3}(x^2 + 9)^{3/2} - \frac{125}{3}$$
$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 9)^{1/2} 2x \checkmark$$

and $y(-4) = \frac{1}{3}(25)^{3/2} - \frac{125}{3} = 0$