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The quiz is worth 5 points. Please make your work coherent, complete, and correct. Please CIRCLE your answer. Please CHECK your answer whenever possible.

The solution will be posted later today.

## No Calculators, computers, smart phones, notes, etc.

## Quiz 2, January 30, 2018

A motor boat is moving at 40 feet per second when its motor suddenly quits and 10 seconds later the boat has slowed to 20 feet/second. The only force acting on the boat is resistance and resistance is proportional to velocity. How far will the boat coast in all?

Answer: Let $x(t)$ equal the position of the boat at time $t$, where $t$ measures the amount of time since the motor quit. We are told

$$
x^{\prime \prime}=-k x^{\prime}, \quad x^{\prime}(0)=40, \quad x^{\prime}(10)=20, \quad \text { and } \quad x(0)=0
$$

for some positive constant $k$. If you like, let $v=x^{\prime}$. Separate the variables in $\frac{d v}{d t}=-k v$ and integrate $\int \frac{d v}{v}=\int-k d t$ :

$$
\begin{aligned}
\ln |v| & =-k t+C \\
|v| & =e^{-k t+C} \\
v & =K e^{-k t} \\
x^{\prime} & =K e^{-k t}
\end{aligned}
$$

Plug in $t=0$ to learn $K=40$. So,

$$
x^{\prime}=40 e^{-k t}
$$

Plug in $t=10$ to learn

$$
\begin{gathered}
20=40 e^{-10 k} \\
\frac{1}{2}=e^{-10 k} \\
-\ln 2=-10 k \\
\frac{\ln 2}{10}=k
\end{gathered}
$$

Integrate with respect to $t$ to see that

$$
x=\frac{40}{-k} e^{-k t}+C_{1}
$$

Plug in $t=0$ to see that

$$
0=\frac{40}{-k}+C_{1}
$$

so $C_{1}=\frac{40}{k}$ and $x(t)=\frac{40}{k}-\frac{40}{-k} e^{-k t}$. We see that $x^{\prime}$ is never zero; but $\lim _{t \rightarrow \infty} x^{\prime}=0$. The total distance traveled by the boat is

$$
\lim _{t \rightarrow \infty} x=\lim _{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{40}{k}-\frac{40}{-k} e^{-k t}=\frac{40}{k}=\frac{40}{\frac{\ln 2}{10}}=\frac{400}{\ln 2} \text { feet } .
$$

