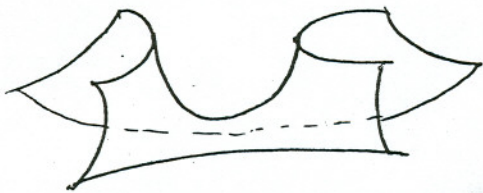


7. Describe and graph $z = x^2 - y^2$.



a hyperbolic paraboloid

8. Find the equations of the line tangent to $\vec{r}(t) = e^2 t \vec{i} + t \vec{j} - \sqrt{4t^2 - 1} \vec{k}$ at $t = 1$.

$$\vec{r}'(t) = e^2 \vec{i} + \vec{j} - \frac{8t}{2\sqrt{4t^2 - 1}} \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}'(1) = e^2 \vec{i} + \vec{j} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}(1) = e^2 \vec{i} + \vec{j} - \sqrt{3} \vec{k}$$

$$x = e^2 t + e^2$$

$$y = t + 1$$

$$z = -\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} t - \sqrt{3}$$

9. Find the equation of the plane tangent to $z = 2x^2 + y^2$ at the point where $x = 3$ and $y = 2$.

$$\vec{\nabla} \perp \text{level sets}$$

$$\text{the surface is } 0 = -z + 2x^2 + y^2$$

$$\vec{\nabla} = 4x \vec{i} + 2y \vec{j} - \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}|_{x=3, y=2} = 12 \vec{i} + 4 \vec{j} - \vec{k}$$

$$\text{The } z\text{-coordinate} = 2 \cdot 9 + 4 = 22$$

$$12(x-3) + 4(y-2) - (z-22) = 0$$