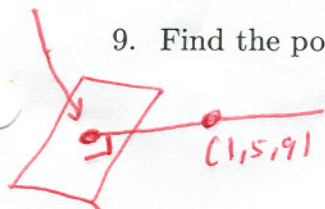


Find me

9. Find the point on $x + 2y + 3z = 10$ which is closest to $(1, 5, 9)$.



The line is $\frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y-5}{2} = \frac{z-9}{3}$

or $x = 1+t$
 $y = 5+2t$
 $z = 9+3t$

The line hits the plane when

$$(1+t) + 2(5+2t) + 3(9+3t) = 10$$

$$t + 4t + 9t + 1 + 10 + 27 = 10$$

$$14t = -28$$

$$t = -2$$

The point is

$(-1, 1, 3)$

Check $(-1, 1, 3)$ is on the plane

$$-1 + 2 + 9 = 10$$

The distance from $(1, 5, 9)$ to the plane is

$$\frac{|1 + 10 + 27 - 10|}{\sqrt{1+4+9}} = \frac{28}{\sqrt{14}} = 2\sqrt{14}$$

the distance from $(1, 5, 9)$ to $(-1, 1, 3)$ is $\sqrt{4+16+36} = \sqrt{56} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 14} = 2\sqrt{14}$

10. Find the length of the curve whose position vector is

$$\vec{r}(t) = t^2 \vec{i} - 2t^3 \vec{j} + 6t^3 \vec{k},$$

for $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

$$\text{length} = \int_0^1 \|\vec{r}'(t)\| dt = \int_0^1 \|2t\vec{i} - 6t^2\vec{j} + 18t^2\vec{k}\| dt = \int_0^1 \|2t(\vec{i} - 3t\vec{j} + 9t\vec{k})\| dt$$

$$= \int_0^1 2t \sqrt{1 + 9t^2 + 81t^2} dt = \int_0^1 2t \sqrt{1 + 90t^2} dt = \int_1^{91} \frac{2}{180} u^{\frac{1}{2}} du$$

$$u = 1 + 90t^2$$

$$du = 180t dt$$

$$\text{when } t=0 \text{ } u=1$$

$$\text{when } t=1 \text{ } u=91$$

$$\frac{du}{180} = t dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{90} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{\frac{3}{2}} \right]_1^{91}$$

$$= \frac{2}{270} \left((91)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1 \right)$$