

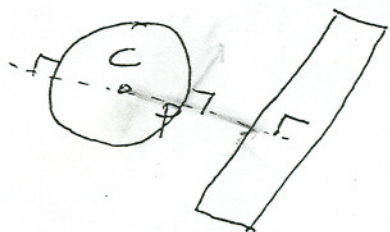
9. Find the distance between $3x + 1y + 3z = 6$ and $3x + 1y + 3z = 10$.

$(2, 0, 0)$ is on the 1st plane

The distance from $(4, 0, 0)$ to the second plane is

$$\frac{|6 - 10|}{\sqrt{9 + 1 + 9}}$$

10. Find the point on $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2 + (z - 3)^2 = 9$ which is closest to $2x + 3y + 4z = 1000$.



$\vec{CP}$ is $\parallel 2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$

and has length 3

$$\vec{CP} = \frac{3(2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 4\vec{k})}{\sqrt{4 + 9 + 16}}$$

If $P = (x_0, y_0, z_0)$

then $x_0 = 1 + \frac{6}{\sqrt{29}}$ or $1 - \frac{6}{\sqrt{29}}$

$y_0 = 2 + \frac{9}{\sqrt{29}}$ or $2 - \frac{9}{\sqrt{29}}$

$z_0 = 3 + \frac{12}{\sqrt{29}}$ or $3 - \frac{12}{\sqrt{29}}$

P_1

P_2

The distance from P_1 to the plane

$$\text{is } \frac{\left| 2 + 6 + 12 + \frac{12 + 27 + 48}{\sqrt{29}} - 1000 \right|}{\sqrt{4 + 9 + 16}}$$

The distance from P_2 to the plane

$$\text{is } \frac{\left| 2 + 6 + 12 - \frac{12 + 27 + 48}{\sqrt{29}} - 1000 \right|}{\sqrt{4 + 9 + 16}}$$

P_1 is closer to the plane

So $P_1 = \left(1 + \frac{6}{\sqrt{29}}, 2 + \frac{9}{\sqrt{29}}, 3 + \frac{12}{\sqrt{29}} \right)$ is the pt on the sphere which is closest to the plane