

15.3, number 3: Find the area of the region bounded by $x = -y^2$ and $y = x + 2$.

Answer:

The picture on the next page shows that best way to fill the region is with horizontal lines. For each fixed y with $-2 \leq y \leq 1$, x goes from $x = y - 2$ to $x = -y^2$. The area is equal to

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{-2}^1 \int_{y-2}^{-y^2} dx dy \\ &= \int_{-2}^1 x \Big|_{y-2}^{-y^2} dy \\ &= \int_{-2}^1 (-y^2 - (y - 2)) dy \\ &= \int_{-2}^1 (-y^2 - y + 2) dy \\ &= \left(\frac{-y^3}{3} - \frac{y^2}{2} + 2y \right) \Big|_{-2}^1 \\ &= -\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} + 2 - \left(\frac{8}{3} - \frac{4}{2} - 4 \right) \\ &= -\frac{9}{3} - \frac{1}{2} + 2 + 2 + 4 \\ &= 5 - \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{9}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Picture 15.3 Number 3

