

12.2 number 25: Express $2\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$ as a number times a unit vector.

Answer:

The given vector has length $\sqrt{2^2 + 1^2 + (-2)^2} = 3$; so

$$\frac{1}{3}(2\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k})$$

is a unit vector and

$$2\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k} = 3\left(\frac{1}{3}(2\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k})\right).$$