

Math 142, Exam 2, Fall 2011

Write everything on the blank paper provided. **You should KEEP this piece of paper.** If possible: return the problems in order (use as much paper as necessary), use only one side of each piece of paper, and leave 1 square inch in the upper left hand corner for the staple. If you forget some of these requests, don't worry about it – I will still grade your exam.

The exam is worth 50 points. SHOW your work. *CIRCLE* your answer. **CHECK** your answer whenever possible.

No Calculators or Cell phones.

1. (6 points) Define the definite integral. Give a complete definition. Be sure to explain all of your notation. Write in complete sentences.
2. (6 points) Consider the region bounded by $x+3 = (y-2)^2$ and $x = 1$. Revolve this region about the line $x = 1$. Find the volume of the resulting solid. You must draw a meaningful picture.
3. (6 points) Consider the region bounded by $x+3 = (y-2)^2$ and $x = 1$. Revolve this region about the line $y = -1$. Find the volume of the resulting solid. You must draw a meaningful picture.
4. (6 points) Consider the solid whose base is bounded by $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ in the xy -plane. Each cross section of the solid perpendicular to the y -axis and perpendicular to the base is an equilateral triangle. Find the volume of the solid. You must draw a meaningful picture.
5. (6 points) Find $\int_0^3 \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} dx$.
6. (6 points) Find $\int \cos^5 x dx$. You must check your answer.
7. (7 points) Find $\int \sec x \tan^2 x dx$. You must check your answer.
8. (7 points) Find $\int \frac{4x^3+6x^2+4x+8}{x^4+4x^2} dx$. You must check your answer.