

Exam 2, Math 141, 1996

PRINT Your Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

There are 10 problems on 5 pages. Each problem is worth 10 points. In problem 2 you MUST use the definition of the derivative; in the other problems you may use any legitimate derivative rule. SHOW your work. CIRCLE your answer.

**NO CALCULATORS!**

1. (The penalty for each mistake is five points.) Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 - x & \text{if } x < 0, \\ 2 + x & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1, \text{ and} \\ 3 - x^2 & \text{if } 1 < x. \end{cases}$$

(a) Graph  $y = f(x)$ .

(b) Fill in the blanks:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} f(0) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \underline{\quad} \\ f(1) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \underline{\quad} \\ f(2) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \underline{\quad} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

(c) Where is  $f(x)$  continuous?

(d) Where is  $f(x)$  differentiable?

2. Use the DEFINITION of the DERIVATIVE to find the derivative of  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{2x - 3}$ .
3. Find the equation of the line tangent to  $f(x) = x^5 - 3x^2$  at  $x = 2$ .
4. The position of an object above the surface of the earth is given by  $s(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 100$ , where  $s$  is measured in feet and  $t$  is measured in seconds. How high does the object get?
5. Let  $y = x^2 \cos^2(4x^5 + 19x)$ . Find  $dy$ .
6. Let  $y = \sqrt{4x^3 + 9x + \sin^3(\cos(5x^4 + 3x))}$ . Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
7. Let  $3x^2y^3 = \sin(xy^2) + 3x^5$ . Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
8. Let  $y = \frac{3}{x} + 15 - 4\sqrt{x}$ . Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ .
9. The area of a square is growing at the rate of 4 square feet per second. How fast is the length of each side growing when each side has length 6 feet?
10. A 30 foot ladder is leaning against a wall. If the bottom of the ladder is pulled along the level pavement directly away from the wall at 3 feet per second, how fast is the top of the ladder moving down the wall when the foot of the ladder is 5 feet from the wall?