

Answers to Test 2, Spring 2001

1. (a) $-56/5$
(b) -13
2. $36x$
3. $(3x^2y)(4u^3) + (x^3 - 2y)(-v \sin(uv))$
4. $5x - 2y - 2z = 5$
5. 12
6. The critical points are $(0, 0)$ and all (x, y) satisfying $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.
The maximum value is 48 and it occurs at the points $(2, \pm\sqrt{5})$.
The minimum value is -48 and it occurs at the points $(-2, \pm\sqrt{5})$.
7. The critical points are $P = (1, -1)$ and $R = (0, 0)$.
The point P determines a local maximum.
The point R determines a saddle point.