

1. Find an equation of the plane containing the line $x = 1 + 2t, y = -1 + 3t, z = 4 + t$ and the point $(2, -1, 4)$.

Equation of Plane:

$$y - 3z = -13$$

Solution*: You could do this problem by taking two different values of t to get 2 points on the line. Then those two points and $(2, -1, 4)$ give you 3 points on the plane. So if you know how to find the equation of a plane given 3 points on the plane, this can be done the same way. For this problem, we only need one point on the line, say $A = (1, -1, 4)$ (when $t = 0$). Let $B = (2, -1, 4)$ (the point given in the problem). Then A and B are on the plane, so $\overrightarrow{AB} = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$ is parallel to the plane. So is the vector $\vec{v} = \langle 2, 3, 1 \rangle$ going in the direction of the line. So $\vec{v} \times \overrightarrow{AB}$ is perpendicular to the plane (or normal to the plane). Therefore, we can use

$$\vec{n} = \langle 2, 3, 1 \rangle \times \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 0, 1, -3 \rangle$$

for the normal to the plane. Therefore, an equation for the plane is $y - 3z = d$ for some d . We determine d by plugging in $B = (2, -1, 4)$ or $A = (1, -1, 4)$ to get the answer. ■

2. The points that are equidistant from $(-1, 3, 2)$ and $(3, 1, 4)$ form a plane. Calculate an equation for this plane.

Equation of Plane:

$$4x - 2y + 2z = 6$$

Solution:** Let $A = (-1, 3, 2)$ and $B = (3, 1, 4)$. We want a plane passing through the midpoint of segment \overline{AB} and perpendicular to the segment \overline{AB} . The vector $\overrightarrow{AB} = \langle 4, -2, 2 \rangle$ is perpendicular to this plane. Since the midpoint of segment \overline{AB} is $(1, 2, 3)$ (which is on the plane), an equation for the plane is $4x - 2y + 2z = 6$ (or, equivalently, $2x - y + z = 3$). ■

*The first problem is directly from the homework (with no number changes).

**The second problem is the same as a homework problem with only one number changed.