MATH 241 Spring, 1996 Exam #3 Name:_____

Show your work for full credit. Calculators are allowed.

- 1. (20 points) Compute each double integral. Change the order of integration, if necessary.
 - necessary. a. $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \int_{0}^{\sin\theta} 6r \cos\theta \, dr \, d\theta$

b. $\int_0^4 \int_{\sqrt{x}}^2 \sin(y^3) \, dy \, dx$

2. (16 points) Let $\mathbf{F} = (yz + 4x)\mathbf{i} + xz\mathbf{j} + (xy - z^3)\mathbf{k}$. a. Compute div(\mathbf{F}).

b. Compute $\operatorname{curl}(\mathbf{F})$

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c. Is **F** conservative or not? Explain!

3. (10 points) Give plausible formulas for each of the vector fields described below.a. An force of attraction towards the origin in 3-space that weakens as the distance from the origin increases.

b.

4. (8 points) Use diagram b. in the problem above. Give three paths, C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , composed just of line segments, from P to Q, so that $\int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} > 0$, $\int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = 0$, $\int_{C_3} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} < 0$.

5. (12 points) Use Green's Theorem to compute $\oint_C y \, dx + xy \, dy$ where C is the boundary of the triangle with vertices (0,0), (3,0), and (3,6), traversed counterclockwise.

6. (10 points) Set up, but do NOT compute the double integral that gives the volume of the solid in the first octant bounded by the surface $9z = 36-9x^2-4y^2$ and the coordinate planes.

7. (24 points) Compute each line integral, using the given parameterization. a. $\int_C (2x + 9z) ds$, where C is the curve x = t, $y = t^2$, $z = t^3$, for $0 \le t \le 1$.

b. $\int_C \mathbf{G} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where $\mathbf{G} = (x + y, x - y)$ and C is the curve $x = \cos t$, $y = 3\sin t$, for $0 \le t \le \pi/2$. Suggestion: recall that $\cos^2 t - \sin^2 t = \cos(2t)$.

c. Find a potential function for the vector field \mathbf{G} of part b., and use this to re-compute the integral.

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