

1. Let $C(q)$ represent the cost and $R(q)$ the revenue of producing q items, in \$.
- a. If the marginal cost $C'(50) = 24$ and the marginal revenue $R'(50) = 35$, approximately how much profit is produced by the fifty-first item?

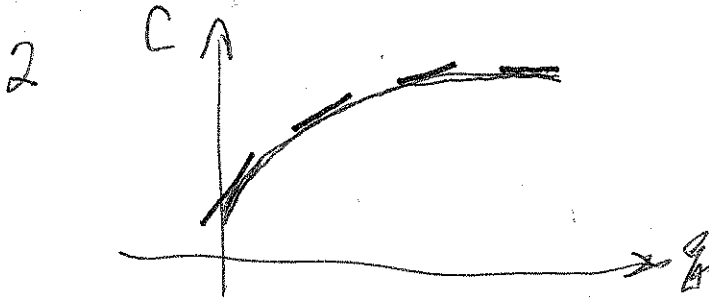
1 $35 - 24 = 11$

- b. If $C'(100) = 38$ and $R'(100) = 35$, should the company produce 101 items? Why or why not?

2 No - because the marginal cost is larger than the marginal revenue. Cost is rising faster than revenue.

There will be a loss of \$3 on the 101st item, but we don't know overall status of profit/loss.

2. If the cost function is increasing and concave down is the marginal cost going up or down? Illustrate graphically or explain.



MC is going down because ΔC 's are getting less steep.

3. Compute the derivative function $\frac{dy}{dt}$ for $y = t^4 + 3t^2 - 6 + \frac{1}{t^4} = t^4 + 3t^2 - 6 + t^{-4}$

5 $\frac{dy}{dt} = 4t^3 + 6t - 0 - 4t^{-5}$

Then compute the derivative.

First rewrite y so you can use the power rule.