

PRINT Your Name: _____

Quiz 11 — November 11, 2013 — Section 2 — 4:40 — 5:30

Remove everything from your desk except a pencil or pen.

Write in complete sentences. Explain your work!

The quiz is worth 5 points.

Does the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^k$ converge? **Explain what you are doing VERY THOROUGHLY. Write in complete sentences.**

Answer: We apply the ratio test. Let

$$\rho = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_k}{a_{k-1}} \right| = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{k\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^k}{(k-1)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{k-1}} \right| = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{k}{(k-1)} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{1}{k}\right)} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{2}{3} < 1.$$

The parameter ρ is less than 1; so, the ratio test ensures that

the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^k$ converges.
