

Quiz for August 21, 2009 – 8:00 section

Remove everything from your desk except this page and a pencil or pen.

Circle your answer. **Show your work.**

The quiz is worth 5 points.

Compute $\int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{4-3x^4}}$.

Answer: We plan to maneuver the given integral into the form

$$\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} = \arcsin u + C.$$

We have

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{4-3x^4}} = \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{4\left(1-\frac{3x^4}{4}\right)}} = \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{2\sqrt{1-\frac{3x^4}{4}}}.$$

Now we are ready to substitute. Let $u = \frac{\sqrt{3}x^2}{2}$. It follows that $du = \sqrt{3}x dx$. Notice that when $x = 0$, then $u = 0$; and when $x = 1$, then $u = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$. The original problem is equal to

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \frac{du}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1-u^2}} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \arcsin u \Big|_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \left(\arcsin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \arcsin 0 \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0 \right) = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{6\sqrt{3}}}. \end{aligned}$$