Do not forget needed parentheses: $a \mid (b - 17)$ is correct while $a \mid b - 17$ is not right correct. When symbolically write, we can use math symbol for divides, e.g., $a \mid (b - 1)$. Recall: $\mathbb{Z}^{\neq 0} = \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$. Similarly with \mathbb{N} and \mathbb{Q} and \mathbb{R} . This saves writing.

- ▶. Theorem 1. For each integer n, if n is odd then 8 divides $(n^4 + 4n^2 + 11)$.
- 1. Symbolically write Theorem 1.

As explained in class, since a universe is <u>not</u> specified, we can pick any appropriate universe. Warning, we do not

have (nor can we make one up) a symbol for the *odd integers*. We need to work the oddness into the open sentence.

- 2. Prove Theorem 1.
- Hint. Pascal's Triangle (and the Binomial Theorem) are helpful in expanding $(x+y)^n$, where $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. If you need a review, here is a link: Algebra 2.

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