

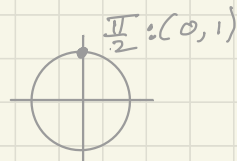
Ex 1 Thm 1 / Thm 2.

Let $W = x^2y + y + xz$ and:

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \cos \theta \\ y &= \sin \theta \\ z &= \theta^2 \end{aligned}$$

1.1 Express $\frac{dW}{d\theta}$ as a function of θ .

1.2 Evaluate $\left. \frac{dW}{d\theta} \right|_{\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}}$



Soln

1.1 $\pi \downarrow W = f(x, y, z)$

$$\frac{dW}{d\theta} = \frac{\partial W}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{d\theta} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{d\theta} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial z} \frac{dz}{d\theta}$$

$$= (2xy + z)(-\sin\theta) + (x^2 + 1)(\cos\theta) + (x)(2\theta)$$

\downarrow want θ 's

$$= (2 \cos\theta \sin\theta + \theta^2)(-\sin\theta) + (\cos^2\theta + 1)(\cos\theta) + (\cos\theta)2\theta$$

$$= -2 \cos\theta \sin^2\theta - \theta^2 \sin\theta + \cos^3\theta + \cos\theta + 2\theta \cos\theta$$

1.2 $\frac{dW}{d\theta} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = (-2)(0)(1)^2 - \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 (1) + 0^3 + 0 + 2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) (0)$

$$= 0 - \frac{\pi^2}{4} + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-\pi^2}{4}}$$

Ex 2 Thm 3 (and: cor 4, cor 5)

Let $w = x^4 y + y^2 z^3$ where

$$\begin{aligned}x &= r s e^t \\y &= r s^2 e^{-t} \\z &= r^2 s \sin t.\end{aligned}$$

Evaluate $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ when: $r=2$, $s=1$, $t=0$.

Soln. TL: $w = f(x, y, z)$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$$

$$= (4x^3 y) (r e^t) + (x^4 + 2y z^3) (2r s e^{-t}) + (3y^2 z^2) (r^2 \sin t)$$

and $(r, s, t) = (2, 1, 0)$ get

$$x = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot e^0 = 2$$

$$y = 2^2 \cdot 1^2 \cdot e^{-0} = 2$$

$$z = 2^2 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin 0 = 0$$

AS

$$\left. \frac{\partial w}{\partial s} \right|_{(r, s, t) = (2, 1, 0)} =$$

$$= (2^2 \cdot 2^3 \cdot 2) (2 \cdot e^0) + (2^4 + 0) (2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot e^0) + 0 \text{ (who cares)}$$

$$= 2^7 + 2^6 = 2^6 (2+1) = \underline{\underline{64}} (3) = \boxed{192}$$

Implicit Differentiation Examples

14.4.5

Ex 3 Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x^3 + y^3 = 6xy$.

Soln. $x^3 + y^3 = 6xy \Leftrightarrow x^3 + y^3 - 6xy = 0$.

So let $F(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 6xy$.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{F_x}{F_y} = -\frac{3x^2 + 0 - 6y}{0 + 3y^2 - 6x} = -\frac{3x^2 - 6y}{3y^2 - 6x} = \boxed{-\frac{x^2 - 2y}{y^2 - 2x}}$$

Ex 4 Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ if $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1$.

Soln. $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1 \Leftrightarrow x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz - 1 = 0$.

So let $F(x, y, z) = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz - 1$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{F_x}{F_z} = -\frac{3x^2 + 0 + 0 + 6yz + 0}{0 + 0 + 3z^2 + 6xy + 0}$$

$$= \boxed{-\frac{x^2 + 2yz}{z^2 + 2xy}}$$