Math 142

In-Class Quiz from Thursday 2/9/06

Due at beginning of class on Monday 2/13/06

The class performance on Problem 1 from Exam 1 was absolutely unacceptable: the average score was only 5.6 and the median was only 5 (out of 10 points). You were told that the first problem would be fill-in the blanks from the formulas on the Math 141 Handout that I handed out the first day of class. Thus here is a quiz to reinforce some of formulas.

Using only

- (i) simple u du substitution
- (ii) basic trig identities such as

$$\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$
 $\cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$ $\sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x}$ $\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x}$ (A)

(iii) the fact that $y = e^x$ and $y = \ln x$ are inverse functions of each other and so

$$a^x = e^{\ln(a^x)} = e^{(x \ln a)} \tag{B}$$

where a is a constant with a > 0 and $a \neq 1$

(iv) If z > 0 then

$$\ln\frac{1}{z} = \ln 1 - \ln z = -\ln z \tag{C}$$

derive the formulas listed in (1) through (5) below. These formulas are from your Math 141 Handout. Derive means to show that they *easily* follow from (i) through (iv) above.

So if you ever forget the below formulas on an exam again, you will know how to easily and quickly derive them.

(1) If a is a constant and a > 0 but $a \neq 1$, then

$$\int a^x \, dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C \ .$$

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Hint: use (B) above (more than once) and let $u = x \ln a$.

$$\int \tan x \, dx = -\ln|\cos x| + C$$

$$\int \tan x \, dx = \ln|\sec x| + C$$

Hints: use (A) and (C) above and let $u = \cos x$.

(3)

$$\int \cot x \, dx = \ln|\sin x| + C$$

$$\int \cot x \, dx = -\ln|\csc x| + C$$

Hints: use (A) and (C) above and let $u = \sin x$.

(4)

$$\int \sec x \, dx = \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + C$$

$$\int \sec x \, dx = -\ln|\sec x - \tan x| + C$$

$$\int \sec x \, dx = -\ln|\tan x - \sec x| + C$$

Hints.

First multiply the integrand through by the number one, written in a clever way:

$$\frac{\sec x + \tan x}{\sec x + \tan x} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\sec x - \tan x}{\sec x - \tan x} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\tan x - \sec x}{\tan x - \sec x} \; .$$

Then let u be either:

$$\sec x + \tan x$$
 or $\sec x - \tan x$ or $\tan x - \sec x$.

(5)

$$\int \csc x \, dx = \ln|\csc x - \cot x| + C$$

$$\int \csc x \, dx = \ln|\cot x - \csc x| + C$$

$$\int \csc x \, dx = -\ln|\csc x + \cot x| + C$$

Hints.

First multiply the integrand through by the number one, written in a clever way:

$$\frac{\csc x - \cot x}{\csc x - \cot x} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\cot x - \csc x}{\cot x - \csc x} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\csc x + \cot x}{\csc x + \cot x}$$

Then let u be either:

$$\csc x - \cot x$$
 or $\cot x - \csc x$ or $\csc x + \cot x$.