

MARK BOX		
PROBLEM	POINTS	
1	5	
2	5	
TOTAL	10	

NAME (legibly printed): \_\_\_\_\_

class PIN: \_\_\_\_\_

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**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- (1) To receive credit you must:
    - (a) **work in a logical fashion, show all your work, indicate your reasoning; no credit will be given for an answer that *just appears*;**  
such explanations help with partial credit
    - (b) if a line/box is provided, then:
      - show your work BELOW the line/box
      - put your answer on/in the line/box
    - (c) if no such line/box is provided, then box your answer
  - (2) The MARK BOX indicates the problems along with their points.  
Check that your copy of the exam has all of the problems.
  - (3) This exam covers (from *Calculus* by Anton, Bivens, Davis 8<sup>th</sup> ed.): § 11.1, 11.2, 11.3 .
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**Problem Inspiration:** just like the homework.

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**This take home part of the final is due at the beginning of our in class final on  
December 8 at 2pm.**

**You may use your notes, book, and calculator. However, you may not discuss this  
examine with anyone other than yourself!**

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**Honor Code Statement**

I understand that it is the responsibility of every member of the Carolina community to uphold and maintain the University of South Carolina's Honor Code.

As a Carolinian, I certify that I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this exam.

Furthermore, I have not only read but will also follow the above Instructions.

I hereby verify that I did NOT receive help from other people on this take-home exam problem.

Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

1. Consider the curve in polar coordinate

$$r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta .$$

1a. The period of  $r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

1a.  $\frac{\text{the period of } r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta}{4} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

1c. Make a chart, as we did in class, to help you graph  $r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta$ .

1d. Graph  $r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta$ .

Clearly label the points, in polar coordinates  $(r, \theta)$ , where the graph crosses the  $x$ -axis or  $y$ -axis.

2. Express the area enclosed by  $r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta$  as an integral with respect to  $\theta$   
(ok ... with respect to  $\theta$  means a  $d\theta$  in there).  
(You do not have to evaluate this integral.)

area =