

## Precise Definition of a Limit

D. Prove:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (12 - 2x) = 6$  (Divide your answer into three parts.)

1. State the Definition:

The statement \_\_\_\_\_ means:

\_\_\_\_\_  $\varepsilon > 0$ , \_\_\_\_\_  $\delta > 0$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  $0 < |x - 3| < \delta$  \_\_\_\_\_  $|(12 - 2x) - 6| < \varepsilon$ .

2. Scratch Work to Find  $\delta$ : (Start with the  $\varepsilon$ -inequality and manipulate it into the  $\delta$ -inequality.)

Start with the  $\varepsilon$ -inequality:

\_\_\_\_\_

Simplify the quantity inside the absolute values:

. \_\_\_\_\_

Reverse the sign of the quantity inside the absolute values so the coefficient of  $x$  is positive:

\_\_\_\_\_

Divide both sides by the coefficient of  $x$ :

\_\_\_\_\_

Identify  $\delta$ :

$\delta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3. Proof: (Reverse the steps from your scratch work.)

Given  $\varepsilon > 0$ , let  $\delta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Consequently, if \_\_\_\_\_

then \_\_\_\_\_

or \_\_\_\_\_

or \_\_\_\_\_